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DATE MAILED: 05/23/2006

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/518,658	12/16/2004	David J. Alessio	SP-1550.2 US	6803
20875 7	590 05/23/2006		EXAM	INER
MICHAEL C. POPHAL			CHOI, JACOB Y	
EVEREADY E	BATTERY COMPANY	INC		
25225 DETRO	IT ROAD		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
P O BOX 4507	'77		2875	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)	111
	10/518,658	ALESSIO, DAVID J.	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Jacob Y. Choi	2875	
The MAILING DATE of this communication ap Period for Reply	ppears on the cover sh	eet with the correspondence address	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING Descriptions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statut Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMN 136(a). In no event, however, I will apply and will expire SIX (te, cause the application to bec	MUNICATION. may a reply be timely filed 6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communications ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status			
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 20 L	December 2004.	•	
,	is action is non-final.		
3) Since this application is in condition for allows	•	• •	is
closed in accordance with the practice under	Ex parte Quayle, 193	5 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.	
Disposition of Claims			
 4) Claim(s) 1-22 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1.2.6-10.14-16 and 20-22 is/are rejeent 7) Claim(s) 3-5.11-13 and 17-19 is/are objected 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/orange. 	awn from consideratio cted. to.		
Application Papers			
9) The specification is objected to by the Examin 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acceptable and applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct should be shown in the correct should be shown in the correct should be shown in the should be	cepted or b) object e drawing(s) be held in a ction is required if the dr	beyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). awing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121	(d).
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of: 1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority document 2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority document 3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority document application from the International Bureat * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	nts have been receive nts have been receive ority documents have au (PCT Rule 17.2(a))	d. d in Application No been received in this National Stage	
Attachment(s)	·		
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08 Paper No(s)/Mail Date	Pap	rview Summary (PTO-413) er No(s)/Mail Date ice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) er:	

DETAILED ACTION

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Specification

1. The specification has not been checked to the extent necessary to determine the presence of all possible minor errors. Applicant's cooperation is requested in correcting any errors of which applicant may become aware in the specification.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

2. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

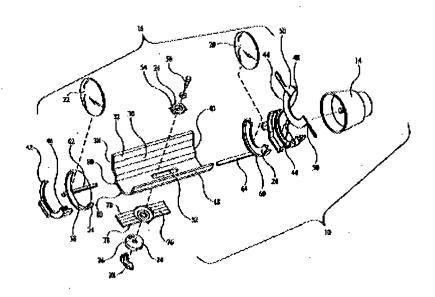
A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 3. Claims **1, 2, 6-10, 14-16, & 20-22** are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Esakoff et al. (USPN 6,092,914).

Regarding claim 1, Esakoff et al. discloses a light source (e.g., 66) for generating a light beam, a first magnifier lens (e.g., 20 or 22) disposed in the path of the light beam, a second magnifier lens (e.g., 20 or 22) disposed in the path of the light beam, and an adjusting mechanism (e.g., 24, 60, 64, 58, 62; Figure 1) adjustable (e.g., column 2, lines 15-25; "... a positioning mechanism, mounted on the housing, is configured to control the position of the first and a second optical components with respect to the illuminator ... etc.") to move the first and second magnifier lenses relative to the light source (e.g., 66) to adjust size of the light beam (e.g., columns 1-2; "... a conveniently adjusted

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lighting fixture configured to project and image a high-intensity at a distant location with a variable beam spread and a variable image distance ... etc.) and provide a substantially uniform light beam.



Note: Claims in a pending application should be given their broadest reasonable interpretation (e.g., "uniform"). In re Pearson, 181 USPQ 641 (CCPA 1974).

Things clearly shown in reference patent drawing qualify as prior art features, even though unexplained by the specification (e.g., "convex magnifying lens"). In re Mraz, 173 USPQ 25 (CCPA 1972).

Regarding claim 2, Esakoff et al. discloses a light pipe for producing a substantially collimated light beam (e.g., column 3, lines 10-20; "... a high-intensity beam 12 of light at a distant location with a <u>variable beam spread</u> and a variable image distance ... etc.") directed at the first and second magnifier lenses.

Regarding claim 6, Esakoff et al. discloses a reflector wherein the light source is mounted at about a focal point of the reflector (e.g., column 4, lines 30-40; "... light originating at one focal point ... etc.").

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Regarding claim 7, Esakoff et al. discloses the first and second magnifier lenses each comprises a convex magnifier lens (e.g., 20, 22).

Regarding claim 8, Esakoff et al. discloses each of the magnifier lenses comprises a double convex lens (e.g., 20, 22).

Regarding claim 9, Esakoff et al. discloses each of the magnifier lenses comprises a plano-convex lens (e.g., 20, 22).

Regarding claim **10**, Esakoff et al. discloses a lamp (e.g., 66) for generating light energy, a reflector (e.g., 68) for reflecting light generated by the lamp, a light pipe (e.g., 30) for transmitting the light energy in a substantially collimated light beam (e.g., column 3, lines 10-20; "... a high-intensity beam 12 of light at a distant location with a variable beam spread and a variable image distance ... etc."), a first magnifier lens (e.g., 20 or 22) comprises a convex surface and disposed in a path of the light beam, a second magnifier lens (e.g., 20 or 22) comprising a convex surface and disposed in the path of the light beam, and an adjusting mechanism (e.g., 24, 60, 64, 58, 62; Figure 1) adjustable to move the first and second magnifier lenses (e.g., 20, 22) relative to the lamp (e.g., 66) to adjust size of the light beam and provide a substantially uniform light beam (e.g., columns 1-2; "... a conveniently adjusted lighting fixture configured to project and image a high-intensity at a distant location with a variable beam spread and a variable image distance ... etc.).

Regarding claim 14, Esakoff et al. discloses the first and second magnifier lenses each comprises a double convex magnifier (e.g., 20, 22).

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Regarding claim 15, Esakoff et al. discloses each of the first and second magnifier comprises a plano-convex magnifier lens (e.g., 20, 22).

Regarding claim **16**, Esakoff et al. discloses a first magnifier lens comprises a convex surface, a second magnifier lens comprising a convex surface and arranged in an axial light path of the first magnifier lens and spaced fro the first magnifier lens, and an adjusting mechanism adjustable to move the first and second magnifier lenses relative to each other to adjust size of a light beam and provide a substantially uniform light beam when light is directed through the first and second magnifier lenses.

Regarding claim 20, Esakoff et al. discloses the first and second magnifier lenses each comprises a double convex magnifier (e.g., 20, 22).

Regarding claim 21, Esakoff et al. discloses each of the first and second magnifier comprises a plano-convex magnifier lens (e.g., 20, 22).

Regarding claim 22, Esakoff et al. discloses the light beam comprises a spot light beam (e.g., columns 1-2; "... a conveniently adjusted lighting fixture configured to project and image a high-intensity at a distant location with a <u>variable beam spread</u> and a variable image distance ... etc.).

Allowable Subject Matter

Claims 3-5, 11-13, & 17-19 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Conclusion

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

Tanaka et al. (USPN 6,837,596) – lighting device

Kobayashi (USPN 5,068,768) - variable light distribution type automobile lamp

Corbasson et al. (USPN 5,584,568) – lighting method and apparatus having a variable illuminated field

Labrum (USPN 4,151,584) - light-collecting reflector

Fischer et al. (USPN 6,746,124) – flashlight producing uniform high brightness

Fox (USPN 5,630,661) - metal arc flashlight

Weigert (USPN 4,823,243) – miniature spotlight with extremely variable exit angle and constant even field of illumination

Meyer (USPN 5,042,048) – target illuminators and systems employing same

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Jacob Y. Choi whose telephone number is (571) 272-2367. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday (10:00-7:00).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Sandra O'Shea can be reached on (571) 272-2378. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

JC

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